

Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

Westminster City Council Year ending 31 March 2018

January 2018



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Introduction



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This paper provides the Audit and Performance Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority; and
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider (these are a tool to use, if helpful, rather than formal questions requiring responses for audit purposes)



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T 020 7728 3263 E paul.j.jacklin@uk.gt.com Members of the Audit and Performance Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications. Click on the Grant Thornton logo to be directed to the website <u>www.grant-thornton.co.uk</u>.

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.



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Progress at 10 January 2018

Financial Statements Audit

We have completed our planning for the 2017/18 financial statements audit and we have issued a detailed audit plan, setting out our proposed approach to the audit of the Council's 2017/18 financial statements.

We have commenced our interim audit which has included:

- Review of the Council's control environment
- · Updated understanding of financial systems
- Review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems
- · Early work on emerging accounting issues

We are due to undertake our early substantive testing in February 2018.

We will report any findings to you in our Audit Findings Report at the April Audit and Performance Committee.

The final accounts audit is due to begin on the 3 April 2018 with findings reported to you in the Audit Findings Report in April 2018.

Value for Money

The scope of our work is set out in the guidance issued by the National Audit Office. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".

The guidance confirmed the overall criterion as: "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".

The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:

- Informed decision making
- Sustainable resource deployment
- · Working with partners and other third parties

We have undertaken our initial risk assessment and have not identified any significant risks.

We will report our work in the Audit Findings Report.

Other areas

Certification of claims and returns

We are required to certify the Council's annual Housing Benefit Subsidy claim in accordance with procedures agreed with the Department for Work and Pensions.

The results of the certification work are reported to you in our certification letter which is a separate item on the agenda.

Meetings

We continue to meet regularly with finance to discuss emerging developments, the Council's strategic goals and objectives and to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective.

Events

We provide a range of workshops, along with network events for members and publications to support the Council. Our next event is the Local Government Chief Accountants workshops that are held in our Finsbury Square offices on 2nd, 9th and 19th of February. Further details of the publications that may be of interest to the Council are set out in our Sector Update section of this report.

Audit Deliverables

2017/18 Deliverables	Planned Date	Status
Fee Letter	April 2017	Complete
Confirming audit fee for 2017/18.		
Accounts Audit Plan	February 2018	This is on the February
We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Audit and Performance Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2017-18 financial statements.		agenda
Audit Findings Report	April 2018	Not yet due
The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the April Audit and Performance Committee.		
Auditors Report	By July 2018	Not yet due
This is the opinion on your financial statement, annual governance statement and value for money conclusion.		
Annual Audit Letter	August 2018	Not yet due
This letter communicates the key issues arising from our work.		
Annual Certification Letter	December 2018	Not yet due
This letter reports any matters arising from our certification work carried out under the PSAA contract.		

Sector Update

Local government finances are at a tipping point. Councils are tackling a continuing drive to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider NHS and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- Grant Thornton Publications
- Insights from local government sector specialists
- Reports of interest
- Accounting and regulatory updates

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:

Public Sector Local government

Through a local lens: SOLACE summit 2017

The Industrial Strategy matters to places but places also matter to the Industrial Strategy.

This was a strong message coming out of discussions at the recent SOLACE (Society of Local Authority Chief Executives) summit where we facilitated 100 local authority CEOs and senior leaders to consider how the Industrial Strategy could be brought to life at a local level.

For some time now we have engaged in an ongoing and inclusive dialogue with communities and business, local authority and third sector leaders from across the country, to share aspirations, ideas and insight focused on building a vibrant economy for the UK. These discussions have helped to form the basis of our Vibrant Economy 'Blueprint for the UK' and they will go on to inform our recommendations to Government around a place-based approach to the Industrial Strategy.

This year's summit provided us with an invaluable opportunity to take this dialogue further.

We focused on the integral role local government will have in delivering the Industrial Strategy. Delegates applied a local lens to the national growth agenda, encouraging them to consider what strategies and approaches were already working in their place; what they could be doing more of to support growth in their area, and how they could steer the Industrial Strategy agenda from a local level. Using the appreciative inquiry technique, we discussed the following questions:

What role would leaders and local institutions be playing if they were delivering positive outcomes from the industrial strategy?



Looking ahead and considering our diverse local authority agendas, the industrial strategy and surrounding policy landscape what aspects might work well for everyone?



You can see and hear what delegates thought on our website

Combined Authorities: Signs of Success

In her foreword to 'Building our Industrial Strategy' the Prime Minister states that the initiative "will help to deliver a stronger economy and a fairer society – where wealth and opportunity are spread across every community in our United Kingdom, not just the most prosperous places in London and the South East."

Combined Authorities (CAs) – the newest model for the governance of local public services – are central to this.

In response to this, Grant Thornton and Bond Dickinson have jointly commissioned a report which provides an insight into the establishment of each combined authority in the context of their specific challenges. It is still early days for most combined authorities – the political and administrative difficulties of adopting this model are not to be under-estimated - but early signs are emerging of their potential to innovate and drive success.

The report benchmarks combined authorities using key indicators of growth, housing, transport and skills amongst others. We have also used our Vibrant Economy Index, which goes beyond financial returns and takes into account the wellbeing of society, to compare city regions. We believe that these benchmarks can serve as a baseline for assessment of progress over time.

Key findings from the report:

- CAs must begin to reduce the institutional blurring with historic local government structures that has occurred with their formation. As greater clarity emerges over their roles, functions, and profiles of individual mayors, their perceived legitimacy will increase.
- CAs stand and fall on their ability to add value through targeted investment, strategic co-ordination, joined-up policy and the levering in of additional resources (particularly additional private sector funds).
- There is no single checklist or set of criteria for measuring the success of mayors and combined authorities, each city region must articulate its own challenges and show progress in tackling them.
- A balanced set of benchmarks encompassing both economic and social success will, however, serve as a useful stimulus for the debate around the impact of the combined authority model over time.
- Click on the report cover to download and read more.



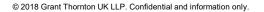
Combined Authorities: signs of success



Grant Thornton Publication

Challenge question:

Is your Council considering how the combined authority model may evolve?



Commercial Healthcheck: commercial investments and governance

Our latest healthcheck report was launched at CIPFA's Income Generation Summit in November. It is part of our 'The Income Spectrum' series, giving leaders of local government and public services insights into why and how local authorities are changing their approach to commercialisation, some of the related governance and risk management issues, and the latest innovation trends with case studies ranging from Angus and Luton to Oldham and Stirling.

The research shows that councils need to do more than simply adhere to the drafted rules to ensure an approach to commercialisation that balances outcomes and risks. The report therefore also includes a healthcheck diagnostic tool designed to give local government leaders extra comfort and confidence that they are pursuing a suitably balanced approach

Governance of commercial commitments is key to building confidence in the path to financial sustainability. The CIPFA code is the sector's primary rule book for treasury management and is expected to place a stronger emphasis on how councils will balance security, liquidity and return.

Key findings from the report include:

- While property has tended to be the focus, it is just one of a number of areas of activity. In the past year, borrowing includes £4.8 billion on bonds and commercial paper, and investment includes £7 billion in inter-authority lending (Investment in property for councils is a growing trend – a third of councils have done so since 2010, spending more than £2.4 billion between them, but this is the not the only major area of investment activity)
- More entrepreneurial councils are adopting innovative approaches such as place-based market offerings, working together locally to add social value and cross-boundary franchising
- For many councils, investing in commercial assets is key to developing anchor institutions that contribute to place

 ranging from airports, business parks and forestry to GP surgeries and cinemas
- A 'beyond compliance' approach to governance of commercial activities is required by progressive councils wanting to do more with less

Click on the report cover to download and read more



Grant Thornton Publication

Challenge question:

Is your Council considering the risks and governance issues for its commercialisation agenda?

Cost Assurance

Did you know....

40 Number of Public Sector engagements to date

£125m Annual spend analysed

£3.55m Rebate opportunities identified

£1.1m Fee income identified

2.84% Error rate – rebates versus spend volume

55% Of Public Sector engagements are Local Government Our Cost Assurance service line provides Local Authorities with an independent and retrospective audit of their legacy telecommunications and utilities costs incurred during the past 6 years (as per the Statute of Limitation).

We find that there are repeat errors contained within a Suppliers' invoice arrangements – errors that aren't necessarily picked up by the end client. This is due to the fact that they tend to be contained in suppliers' billing systems 'at source' and are much further down the supply chain which the user won't necessarily have visibility of.

We are supported by a comprehensive library of legacy supplier pricing that has been collated since 2011. Our one aim is to ensure that the client has only paid for the services used during the period by:

- ensuring that bills presented by Suppliers' are in line with their contracts and relevant pricing mechanisms
- · ensuring the client receives the Supplier refunds where errors have been identified by us
- · ensuring consequential savings are identified and implemented immediately for the client

Our Cost Assurance work is based on a contingent-fee model and is supported by PSAA Ltd. Each of our Local Authority engagements include a fee cap to ensure governance and regulatory standards are maintained.

In summary, we are able to bring much needed financial benefit to the sector as well as providing insight into errors that may be prone to repeat offence by suppliers long after our work is concluded.

Grant Thornton Challenge question:

Has your Council considered the potential for an independent review of telecommunications and utility costs?

Overview of General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)

V	Vhat is it?	What's next?		
.	atory data protection development in 20 ndividuals and new obligations for public and	Many public sector organisations have already developed strategic plans to implement the GDPR, which require policy, operational, governance and technology changes to ensure compliance by 25 th May 2018.		
	All organisations that process personal data will	be affected by the CDPR		
How will this affect The definition of 'per-	All organisations that process personal data will	-		
	The definition of 'personal data' has been clarified to include any data that might reasonably be used to identify a living individual, either directly or indirectly. Various unique identifiers (including online cookies and IP addresses) will likely fall within the scope of			
	personal data	mers (including online cookies and IP addresses) will likely fail within the scope of		
What organisations	Local government organisations need to be able to provide evidence of completion of their GDPR work to internal and external			
need to do by May	stakeholders, to internal audit and to regulators			
2018				
Organisation Accountability	Notifications and	Rights Claims and Fines		

- Organisations must document their assurance procedures, and make them available to regulators
- Organisations need to designate a Data Protection Officer, who has expert knowledge of data protection law
- Organisations must notify relevant incidents to regulators within 72 hours
- Organisations must explain to individuals what their rights over their personal information are and how it is being processed and protected
- Privacy regulators can impose penalties of up to €1 million on public sector organisations, for the most serious violations
- Individuals and representative organisations may be able to seek compensation for infringements of data protection rights

GDPR

Challenge question:

Can your Council effectively erase Personally Identifiable Data?

Have you appointed a Data Protection Officer?

How will your authority ensure citizens' data isn't duplicated across different information siloes without their knowledge?

CIPFA publications

CIPFA have published 'The guide to local government finance' 2017 edition. The guide seeks to provide information on current arrangements for local government finance and sets out the principles of sound financial management.

The guide covers a range of local government services. It examines the funding systems that support those services including council tax, business rates and the local government finance settlement. The guide covers both revenue and capital financing and has separate chapters on key areas and their specific intricacies including:

CIPFA The Chartered Institute of

- capital finance
- budgeting and financial reporting
- · treasury management
- auditing
- governance
- education
- housing
- police
- · social care.

CIPFA have also published 'An introductory guide to local government finance' 2017 edition which is aimed at those requiring more of an introduction to local government finance for example, those new to the sector or non finance specialists.



CIPFA have updated their guidance on the key considerations in setting up and managing a pooled budget in the publication 'Pooled Budgets and the Better Care Fund: A Practical Guide for Local Authorities and Health Bodies' (2017 Edition)

Although pooled budgets have operated widely across health and social care for a long time, they were brought into prominence by the Better Care Fund, introduced in 2015–16.

The aim of CIPFA's guidance is to define the basic principles of financial management, governance and accountability that partners in budget pooling arrangements or, indeed, other forms of partnership working, should follow, and to consider the relevant accounting issues.

The guide provides practical tools such as a checklist of matters to consider, an example of how to decide which agency should lead the arrangement, a model scheme of delegation to boards. The guide considers the background to budget pooling, including the purpose of pooling, the basics of partnership arrangements, and some other options available to health and social care organisations pursuing similar objectives. It goes on to consider specific issues arising from pooling: managing a pooled budget, corporate governance, financial management, audit and assurance, and VAT. These matters then feed into an appendix on accounting issues.



CIPFA Publication

Challenge question:

Are these publications of use to you?



DCLG Consultation

DCLG are currently consulting with Local Authorities and other interested parties on proposed changes to the prudential framework of capital finance.

The statutory framework for the Prudential System is set out in Chapter I of the Local Government Act 2003 and in the Local Authorities (Capital Finance and Accounting) (England) Regulations 2003 as amended. The framework includes four statutory codes. Alongside CIPFA's Prudential Code and Treasury Management Code, the DCLG is responsible for Statutory Guidance on both Local Authority Investments and on the Minimum Revenue Provision.

Over the past years the regulatory and economic environment has changed significantly and led the sector to consider more innovative types of investment activity. The government has also monitored changes in the practices used for calculating Minimum Revenue Provision.

As a result the Department for Communities and Local Government is seeking views on proposals to update the guidance on Local Authorities Investments and on Minimum Revenue Provision for full implementation in 2018/19. This consultation closes on 22 December 2017 and may be accessed <u>here</u>.

Local Authorities Investment Code

The Government recognises that there is great variation in the objectives and nature of local authority investment, including local economic regeneration projects, however it believes that local authorities need to be better at explaining "why" not just "what" they are doing with their investment activity.

That means that the sector needs to demonstrate more transparency and openness and to make it easier for informed observers to understand how good governance and democratic accountability have been exercised.

To this end a number of proposals are made including requiring local authorities to:

- · prepare a Capital Strategy which includes clear disclosure of the Investment Strategy
- · disclose the contribution that investment activities make to their core functions
- use indicators to assess total risk exposure
- apply the principles of prioritising security and liquidity over yield for investment in non financial assets (in the same way that they are required to do for financial assets)
- disclose their dependence on commercial income to deliver statutory services and the amount of borrowing that has been committed to generate that income
- disclose additional information where authorities borrow to invest in revenue generating investments
- Disclose steps to ensure expertise of key officer and councillors involved in the decision making process.

Minimum Revenue Provision Guidance

Local authorities are normally required each year to set aside some of their revenues as provision for debt. More precisely, the provision is in respect of capital expenditure financed by borrowing or long term credit arrangements. Given the changes in current practice and recent interest, the Government feels that it is time to look into updating the guidance as part of the more general update of the statutory codes comprising the prudential system. Four proposals are made:

- · change to the definition of the basis of MRP
- confirmation that a charge to the revenue account cannot be a credit
- confirmation that a change to the MRP methodology would not generate an overpayment of MRP calculated retrospectively
- · Introduces maximum useful economic lives for MRP calculations based on asset life

DCLG consultation Challenge question:

• Is your Chief Finance Officer planning to respond to the consultation?

Local Authority 2016/17 Revenue Expenditure and Financing

DCLG has produced a summary of Local Authorities' 2016/17 final outturn for revenue spending and financing. It notes that local government expenditure accounts for almost a quarter of all government spending and the majority of this is through local authority revenue expenditure.

The summary is compiled from the Revenue Outturn (RO) returns submitted by all local authorities in England. Coverage is not limited to local councils in England and includes other authority types such as Police and Crime Commissioners and Fire authorities.

The headline messages include:

- Local authority revenue expenditure totalled £93.6 billion for all local authorities in England in 2016-17. This was 1% lower than £94.5 billion spent over 2015-16.
- Expenditure on Adult Social Care increased to £14.9 billion in 2016-17. This was £0.5 billion (3.6%) higher than in 2015-16. The 2016-17 financial year was the first year where local authorities were able to raise additional funding for Adult Social Care through the council tax precept.
- The largest decrease in local authority expenditure was on Education services. This was £0.75 billion (2.2%) lower in 2016-17 than in 2015-16. The majority of this decrease is due to local authority funded schools converting to academies.
- Local authorities are financing more of their expenditure from locally retained income. 40.4% of revenue expenditure was funded through council tax and retained business rates and 57.5% from central government grants. The remaining 2.1% was funded by reserves and collection fund surpluses. These percentages were 38.7%, 60.4% and 0.9% respectively in 2015-16.
- Local authorities used £1.5 billion (6.2%) of the £24.6 billion reserves balance held at the start of the 2016-17.
- Local authorities' use of reserves was £1.1 billion higher in 2016-17 than in 2015-16. Due to changes in their capital programme, £0.4 billion of this increase is due to the Greater London Authority.

The full report is available here.

Did you know....

This data set and many others are included in CFO Insights.

CFO Insights, is the Grant Thornton and CIPFA online analysis tool.

It gives those aspiring to improve the financial position of their organisation, instant access to insight on the financial performance, socio-economic context and service outcomes of theirs and every other council in England, Scotland and Wales.

More information is available at:

http://www.cfoinsights.co.uk/



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Links

Grant Thornton website links

https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/industries/publicsector

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/through-a-local-lens-solace-summit-2017/

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/combined-authorities-signs-of-success/

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/a-guide-to-setting-up-a-social-enterprise/

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/the-board-creating-and-protecting-value/

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/insights/commercial-healthcheck-in-local-authorities/

http://www.cfoinsights.co.uk/

CIPFA website links

http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/codes-of-practice

http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/a/an-introductory-guide-to-local-government-finance-2017-edition-online

http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/t/the-guide-to-local-government-finance-2017-edition-online

http://www.cipfa.org/policy-and-guidance/publications/p/pooled-budgets-and-the-better-care-fund-a-practical-guide-for-local-authorities-and-health-bodies-2017-edition

DCLG website links

https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/proposed-changes-to-the-prudential-framework-of-capital-finance https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/local-authority-revenue-expenditure-and-financing-england-2016-to-2017-final-outturn



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